

# Volunteering Queensland Inc. Annual Financial Statement

30 June 2024

# **Volunteering Queensland Inc.**

# 30 June 2024

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## Statement by Volunteering Queensland Inc.

The Committee of Volunteering Queensland Inc. declare that:

- 1. The Financial Statements, comprising the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Accompanying Notes, are in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-For-Profits Commission Act 2012 and:
  - a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and the Australian Charities and Not-For-Profit Commission Regulation 2022
  - b. give a true and fair view of the entity's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2. In the Committee's opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of members of the Committee of Volunteering Queensland Inc.

Linda Lavarch President

Volunteering Queensland Inc.

Brisbane

Date: 18 September 2024

John Livesey Treasurer

Volunteering Queensland Inc.

Brisbane

Date: 18 September 2024

# Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue from Ordinary Activities	2	3,492,757	4,545,955
Employee Expenses	3	(2,164,189)	(2,556,827)
Operational Expenses		(1,446,134)	(1,894,507)
Sulprus (Deficit) for the Year before Income Tax		(117,566)	94,621
Sulprus (Deficit) Attributable to Members		(117,566)	94,621
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		(117,566)	94,621

# **Statement of Financial Position**

# As at 30 June 2024

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	1,830,374	1,470,667
Trade and Other Receivables	6	93,895	41,567
Prepayments	7	28,903	12,935
Total Current Assets		1,953,172	1,525,169
Non-Current Assets			
Motor Vehicles	8	5,965	22,094
Right of Use Asset	9	190,763	333,836
Total Non-Current Assets		196,729	355,930
Total Assets		2,149,901	1,881,099
Current Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	10	333,699	53,536
Employee Benefit Provision	11	202,926	163,928
Grants in Advance	12	332,800	122,059
Lease Liability	13	164,013	152,799
Total Current Liabilities		1,033,437	492,322
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provisions	11	10,735	1,469
Lease Liability	13	56,325	220,338
Total Non-Current Liabilities		67,060	221,807
Total Liabilities		1,100,497	714,129
Net Assets/ (Liabilities)		1,049,404	1,166,970
Equity		·	
Accumulated Funds	14	1,049,404	1,166,970
Total Equity		1,049,404	1,166,970

# Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Accumulated Funds	Total Accumulated Funds
	\$	\$
Balance at 01 July 2022	1,072,349	1,072,349
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period		
Net Surplus for the Period 30 June 2023	94,621	94,621
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	94,621	94,621
Balance at 30 June 2023	1,166,970	1,166,970
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period		
Net Sulprus (Deficit) for the Period 30 June 2024	(117,566)	(117,566)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	(117,566)	(117,566)
Balance at 30 June 2024	1,049,404	1,049,404

# Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024	2023 \$
Cook Flour from Operating Activities			<b>—</b>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from Operating Activities		0.004.500	0.000.000
Receipts from Customers		3,601,502	3,639,360
Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(3,113,573)	(4,483,563)
Interest Received		33,700	24,049
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	15(b)	521,629	(820,154)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of property plant and equipment Net Cash flows from investing activities		<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Repayment of Lease Liability		(161,921)	(155,693)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		(161,921)	(155,693)
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash		359,708	(975,847)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Financial Year		1,470,667	2,446,515
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Financial Year	15(a)	1,830,374	1,470,667

#### For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### **About this Report**

#### Corporate Information

Volunteering Queensland Inc. (the Association) is a non-government charitable organisation incorporated under the Associations Incorporation Act (1981) Qld (with amendments). The Financial Report covers the economic activities of the Association which is domiciled in Australia

The Association receives a principal part of its income as cash for services with some services such as volunteer time in kind and is a deductible gift recipient (DGR).

The Financial Statement, which is presented in Australian dollars, is authorised for issue by the Committee of the Association.

The Association is a non-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

#### **Organisation Details**

The registered office of the Association is:

Volunteering Queensland Inc. Level 12, 127 Creek Street Brisbane, Queensland, 4000

#### **Principal Activities:**

The principal activities of the Association during the year were:

- To encourage people to participate in volunteering.
- To enable volunteers and community organisations to develop the structure, skills and capacity to better the quality of volunteering for the benefit of the community.
- To engage in advocacy and policy development with government, other institutions and organisations on issues relevant to volunteering.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Preparation**

#### **Statement of Compliance**

The Financial Statement is a general purpose financial statement which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Australian Charities and Not-For-Profit Commission Act 2012 (ACNC). The Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Due to the application of Australian specific provisions for Not-For-Profit entities contained only within Australian Accounting Standards the Financial Statement and notes thereto are not necessarily compliant with all International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### New Accounting Standards and Impact on Accounting Policies

There are no new or other amended accounting standards and interpretations that are required to be adopted for this reporting period that had a material impact on the financial report.

#### **Reporting Basis and Conventions**

The Financial Statement has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs and does not take into account changing money values or, except where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair value of consideration given for the exchange of assets.

### Key Judgements and Estimates

In the process of applying the Association's accounting policies, the Committee has made a number of judgements and applied estimates for future events. There are no judgements or estimates material to the Financial Statement.

#### For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Fair Values of Assets and Liabilities

Fair values may be used for financial asset and liability measurement as well as for sundry disclosures.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It is based on the presumption that the transaction takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market. The principal or most advantageous market must be accessible to, or by, the Association.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

The fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account the market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset at its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset at its highest and best use.

In measuring fair value, the Association uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs.

#### Income Tax and Fringe Benefit Tax

The Association is exempt from the payment of Income Tax under the *Income* Tax Assessment Act (1997) as it is a Public Benevolent Institution. The Association is entitled to a partial exemption from fringe benefits tax.

#### **Comparative Figures**

Where necessary comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation in the current year for any substantial changes.

#### **Current and Non-Current Classification**

Assets and liabilities are presented in the Statement of Financial Position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the Association's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the Association's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

# For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 2: Revenue		
	Note 2024	2023
	\$	\$
Revenue:		
Government Grants (Service Agreements)	<b>17</b> 2,221,799	3,891,024
Projects and Events	478,889	112,590
Training Courses	208,119	253,263
Donations	201	70
Memberships	51,420	51,309
Interest Received	33,700	24,049
	2,994,128	4,332,305
Other Income		
- Other Income	498,629	213,650
Total Other Income	498,629	213,650
Revenue from Ordinary Activities	3,492,757	4,545,955

## **Accounting Policy**

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf to third parties. The Association recognises revenue when it transfers controls over a product or service to a customer.

#### **Goods and Services Tax**

Revenues are recognised net of the amount of GST. GST received during the financial year is stated at gross amounts in the Statement of Cash Flows and is included in receipts from operating activities. The Association operates on a cash basis for GST.

#### **Government Grants (Service Agreements)**

Grants are principally of a recurrent or capital nature and intended to fund ongoing operations or asset acquisitions.

Grants received on the condition that specified services are delivered, or conditions are fulfilled, are initially recognised as a liability and revenue is recognised as services are performed or conditions fulfilled. Revenue from grants that do not contain sufficiently specific performance obligations is recognised when the Association obtains control of the funds.

#### Interest Revenue

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues for the accounting period.

# For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 3:	Operating	<b>Expenses</b>
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mote of operating Impenses	2024 \$	2023 \$
Specific required disclosures are:		
Employee Expenses	2,164,189	2,556,827
Office Lease Amortisation and Interest	152,195	156,604
Motor Vehicle Expenses	23,089_	18,998
Total Operating Expenses	2,339,473	2,732,429
Number of employees at the end of the year	17	18
Number of volunteers at the end of the year	10	2

# **Accounting Policy**

# **Goods and Services Tax**

Expenses are recognised net of the amount of GST. GST paid during the financial year is stated at gross amounts in the Statement of Cash Flows and is included in payments to suppliers. The Association operates on a cash basis for GST.

# Note 4: Audit Fees

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Audit Services (Auditor Remuneration)	9,080	10,000

# Note 5: Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Cash at Bank	_	1,221,104	882,111
Cash on Deposit		528,005	509,924
Cash on Deposit (Restricted)		81,265	78,631
	16	1,830,374	1,470,667

## **Accounting Policy**

Cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position comprise cash at bank and deposits at call or with an original maturity of less than three months, which are subject to insignificant risks of changes in their value.

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

# For the year ended 30 June 2024

## Note 6: Trade and Other Receivables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Trade and Other Receivables	93,895	41,567
	93,895	41,567

#### **Accounting Policy**

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

#### Impairment

The Association applies the simplified approach for trade receivables as permitted by AASB 9. The Association has determined that expected lifetime losses associated with trade receivables is immaterial.

#### **Goods and Services Tax**

Receivables in the Statement of Financial Position are shown inclusive of GST. GST paid during the financial year is stated at gross amounts in the Statement of Cash Flows and is included in receipts from operating activities. The Association operates on a cash basis for GST.

# Note 7: Prepayments

	2024	2023
Current	\$	\$
Prepayments	28,903	12,935
	28,903	12,935

# **Accounting Policy**

Prepayments and other receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments in the next period. No gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. These are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after reporting date, which are classified as non-current.

# Note 8: Property Plant and Equipment

	2024	2023
	<b>\$</b>	\$
Motor Vehicles		
At Cost	31,963	53,762
Less: Accumulated Depreciation on Motor Vehicles	(25,998)	(31,668)
Total Motor Vehicles	5,965	22,094

# **Accounting Policy**

#### **Motor Vehicles**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of assets as above.

# For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 9: Right of Use Asset		
•	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Right of Use Asset		
At Cost	858,435	858,435
Less: Accumulated Amortisation on Right of Use Asset	(667,672)	(524,599)
Total Right of Use Assets	190,763	333,836

# Accounting Policy Right of Use Assets

A right of use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right of use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right of use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the consolidated entity expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities.

The Association has elected not to recognise a right of use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

## Note 10: Trade and Other Payables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Accounts Payable	204,075	22,242
GST Payable	(5,443)	(47,379)
PAYG Withholding	59,332	26,061
Superannuation Payable	35,245	19,367
Other Payables	40,490	33,245
Trade and Other Payables	333,699	53,536

## **Accounting Policy**

Trade and other payables represent unpaid liabilities for goods received by and services provided to the Association prior to the end of the financial year. The amounts are unsecured and are normally settled within 14 - 30 days.

#### **Goods and Services Tax**

Payables in the Statement of Financial Position are shown inclusive of GST. GST paid during the financial year is stated at gross amounts in the Statement of Cash Flows and is included in payments to suppliers. The Association operates on a cash basis for GST.

# For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 11: Provisions		
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Provision for Long Service Leave	33,570	42,169
Provision for Annual Leave	169,356	121,759
Current Provisions	202,926	163,928
Provision for Long Service Leave	10,735	1,469
Non-Current Provisions	10,735	1,469

#### **Accounting Policy**

Liabilities for wages and salaries expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date represent present obligations resulting from employees' services provided up to the reporting date, calculated at undiscounted amounts based on remuneration wage and salary rates that the Association expects to pay as at reporting date including on-costs.

#### **Employee Entitlements**

Sick leave is non-vesting and no provision has been made.

The provision for annual leave represents the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made resulting from employees' services provided up to the reporting date. The liability is recognised as current and non-current provisions dependent on the unconditional right to settlement of the liability within 12 months after the reporting date. The provision is calculated using current wage and salary rates at reporting date.

The provision for long service leave represents the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made resulting from employees' services provided up to the reporting date, net of any amounts expected to be recoved from QLeave under the portable long service leave scheme. The liability for long service leave is recognised as current and non-current provisions, depending on the unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

The portable long service leave levy paid to QLeave is expensed at the time the levy becomes payable.

The provision is calculated using current wage and salary rates (adjusted at least annually) including related on-costs and expected settlement dates based on experience of employee departures and periods of service at the reporting date that most closely matches the terms of maturity of the related liabilities.

#### Other Provisions

Provisions for legal claims, service warranties and make good obligations are recognised when the Association has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

# For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 12. Revenue and Grants III Advance	2024 \$	2023 \$
Grants in Advance	332,800	122,059
	332,800	122,059

#### **Accounting Policy**

Grants are principally of a recurrent or capital nature and intended to fund ongoing operations or asset acquisitions.

Grants received on the condition that specified services are delivered, or conditions are fulfilled, are initially recognised as a liability and revenue is recognised as services are performed or conditions fulfilled. Revenue from grants that do not contain sufficiently specific performance obligations is recognised when the Association obtains control of the funds.

## Note 13: Lease Liability

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Lease Liability: Current	164,013	152,799
Lease Liability: Non-Current	56,325	220,338
	220,338	373,137

#### **Accounting Policy**

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the consolidated entity's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities as of 01 July 2021 was 3%. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

# Note 14: Equity

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Total Equity	1,049,404	1,166,970

# Note 15: Contingent Assets and Contingent Liabilities

The Association is not aware of any currently no contingent assets or liabilities.

# For the year ended 30 June 2024

# Note 16: Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows

## (a) Reconciliation of Cash

Cash at the end of the financial period as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash and Cash Equivalent		1,221,104	882,111
Cash on Deposit (Restricted)		81,265	78,631
Cash on Deposit		528,005	509,924
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	1,830,374	1,470,667
Balance per Statement of Cash Flows		1,830,374	1,470,667
(b) Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with the Net Sur	plus		
Net Surplus		(117,566)	94,621
Non-Cash Flows in Operating Surplus			
Depreciation of Vehicles		16,129	10,752
Amortisation of Right of Use Asset		143,073	143,073
Interest Expenses - Lease Liablity		9,122	13,532
Changes in Assets and Liabilities			
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables		(52,329)	147,595
(Increase)/ Decrease in Prepayments		(15,968)	41,279
Increase/ (Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables		490,906	(1,237,724)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Provisions		48,264	(33,280)
Net Cash Flows from Operations	•	521,629	(820,154)

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

# Note 17: Economic Dependency

Volunteering Queensland Inc. is dependent on the ongoing receipt of financial assistance from the Commonwealth and Queensland Government to continue delivering its charitable programs.

Commonwealth and Queensland Government funding comprises 69% of total revenue. The sources of these funds are as follows:

Goverment Income		
Commonwealth Government	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Department of Social Servces	1,574,041	2,184,480
Total Commonwealth Government	1,574,041	2,184,480
24-4- 0		
State Government		
DSDSATSIP	616,119	1,457,544
Gambling Community Benefit Fund	31,638_	249,000
Total Queensland Government	647,757	1,706,544
Total Government Grants	2,221,799	3,891,024
Total Gotolimon Grants		0,001,024
Total Revenue	3,492,757	4,545,955

# For the year ended 30 June 2024

# Note 18: Events Subsequent to Reporting Date

As at the date of this report, there are no matters or circumstances that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the Association's operations in future financial years, the Association's results in future financial years, or the Association's state of affairs during future financial years.

# Note 19: Related Party Transactions

The names of persons who were Committee members of Volunteering Queensland Inc. at any time during the financial year are as follows:

Office Bearers	Members (from 19/12/2023)	Retired Members
Linda Lavarch (President from 21/11/23)	Ainsley Barahona	Brett Johnson (President 21/11/23)
Bill Lyon (Vice President from 13/06/24)	Nunzia Confessore	Deborah Nisbett (Treasurer 21/11/23)
John Livesey (Treasurer from 13/07/24)	Simon Irwin	Natasha Doherty (21/11/23)
Jane Hedger (Secretary)	Chris McCarthy	Peter Tragardh (21/11/23)
	Brett Stenson	Jane Hedger (Vice President & Treasurer from 21/11/23 - 1/5/24)
	Craig Wildermuth	,

No Committee member has entered into a material contract with the Association since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving Committee members' interests subsisting at year end. Committee members may have family members or relatives who utilise the services that the Association or its members provide. Such transactions are conducted at arms length. Committee members do not receive any direct remuneration.

#### Other Key Management Personnel as at 30 June 2024 were:

Jane Hedger (incoming Chief Executive Officer )
Mara Basanovic (outgoing Chief Executive Officer)
Colleen Sivester (Deputy CEO)

Key management personnel remuneration includes reportable fringe benefits on motor vehicles supplied.

		2024	2023
		<u> </u>	\$
The bands of remuneration (including reportable fringe b	enefits) are as follo	ws:	
\$	60 - 50k	9	6
5	51 - 200k	3	1



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Volunteering Queensland Inc

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

## Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Volunteering Queensland Inc (the registered entity), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including material accounting policy information, and the responsible entities' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Volunteering Queensland Inc, is in accordance with Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the registered entity's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulations 2022.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the registered entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* (ACNC Act) and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Other information

The responsible entities of the registered entity are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the entity's annual report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of responsible entities for the Financial Report

The responsible entities of the registered entity are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the ACNC Act, and for such internal control as the responsible entities determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, responsible entities are responsible for assessing the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the responsible entities either intends to liquidate the registered entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The responsible entities of the registered entity are responsible for overseeing the registered entity's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (<a href="http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx">http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx</a>) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

**BDO Audit Pty Ltd** 

BDO

A J Whyte Director

Brisbane, 18 September 2024